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(54) MICRO LED DISPLAY PANEL AND METHOD FOR MAKING SAME

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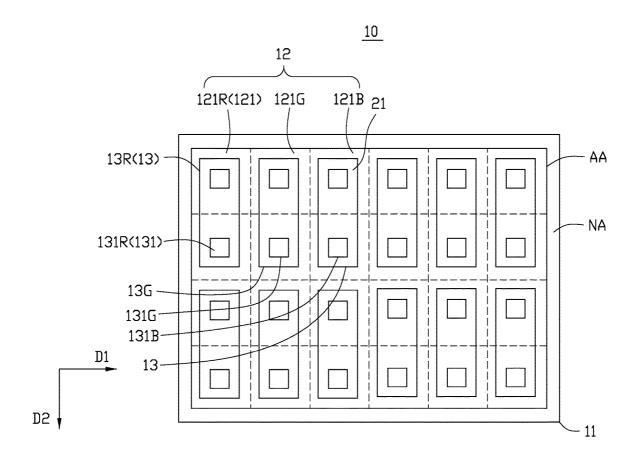
G09G 3/20 (2006.01)H01L 27/15 (2006.01)

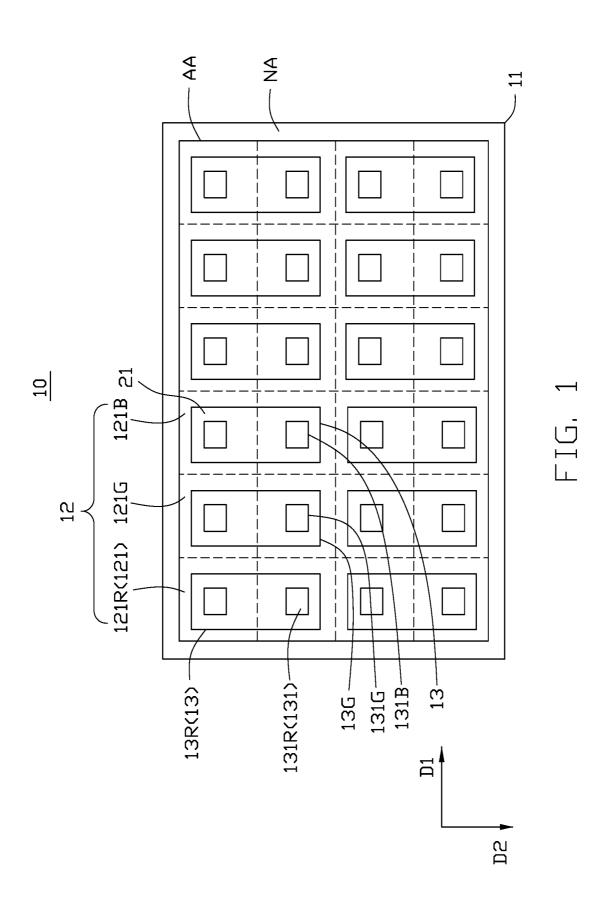
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CPC G09F 9/33 (2013.01); H01L 27/156 (2013.01); G09G 3/2003 (2013.01); G09G *3/32* (2013.01)

(57)**ABSTRACT**

A micro LED display panel capable of simpler but more precise manufacture by pre-loading micro LEDs onto wafers which are then transferred to a substrate includes the substrate and light-emitting units. Each light-emitting unit includes a wafer unit and at least two micro LEDs on the wafer unit. The display panel includes pixel regions, each pixel region including at least three adjacent sub-pixel regions. Each sub-pixel region has one micro LED therein. Each micro LED of the light-emitting units is located in one sub-pixel region and the micro LEDs in each pixel regions emit light of different colors.





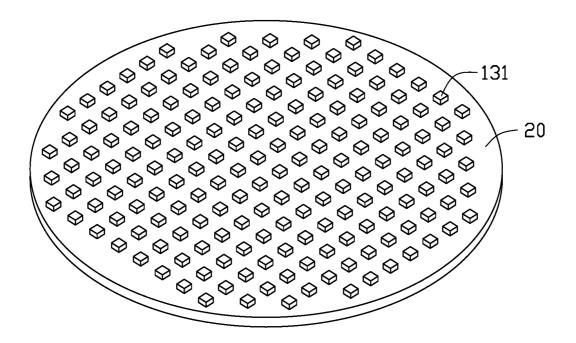
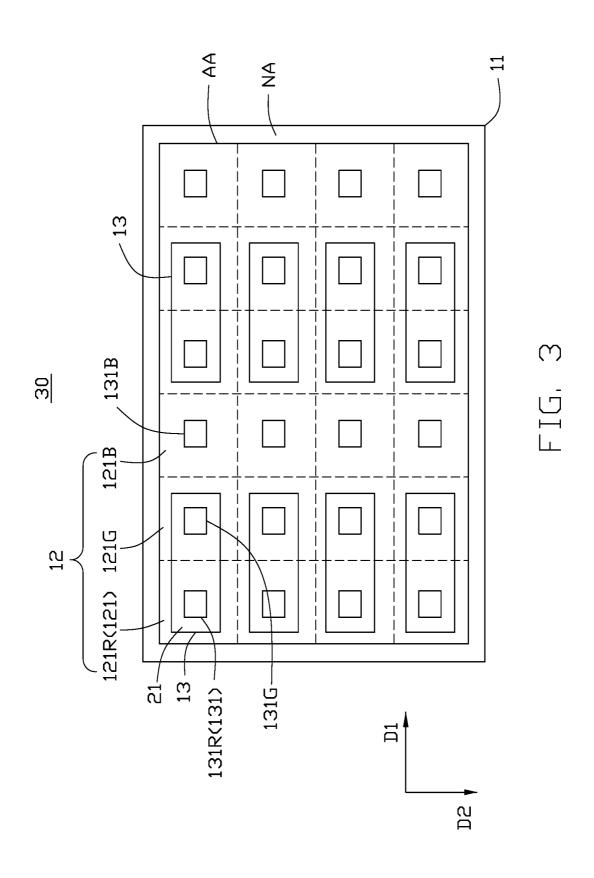
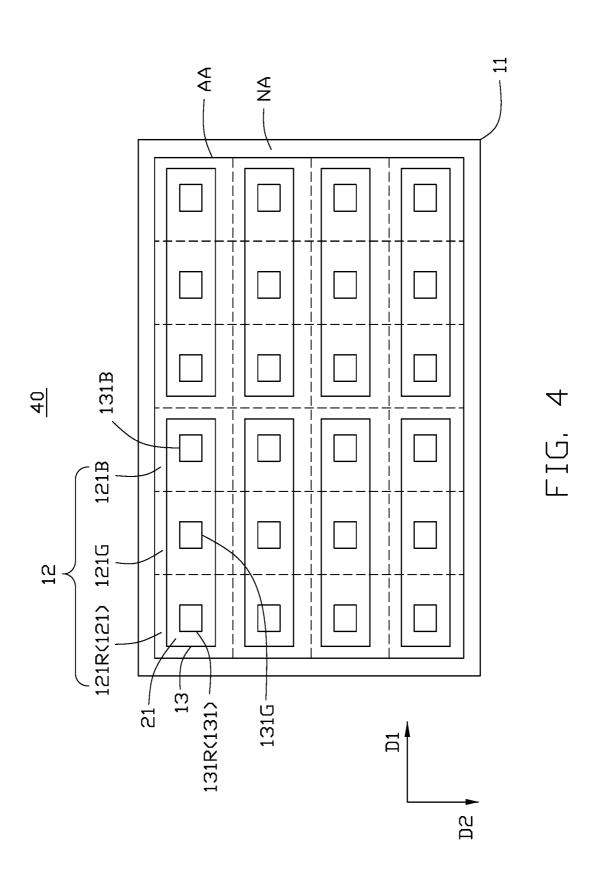
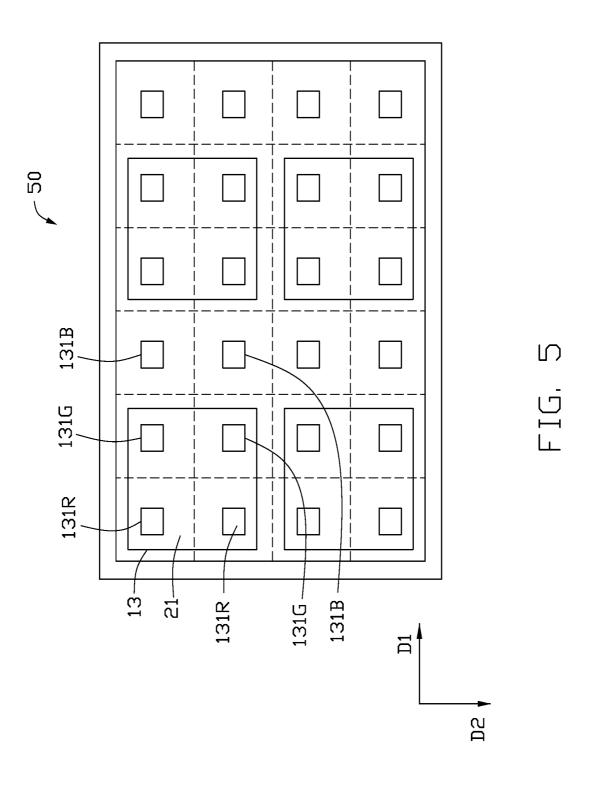
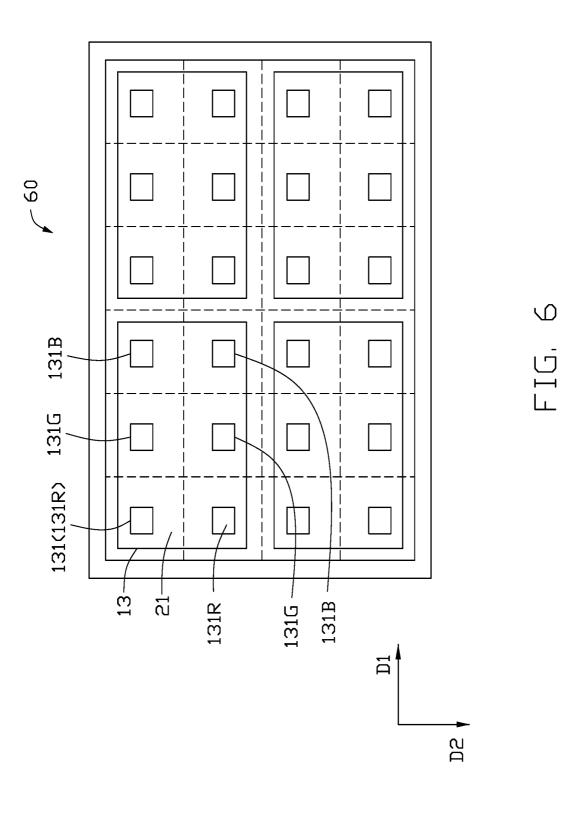


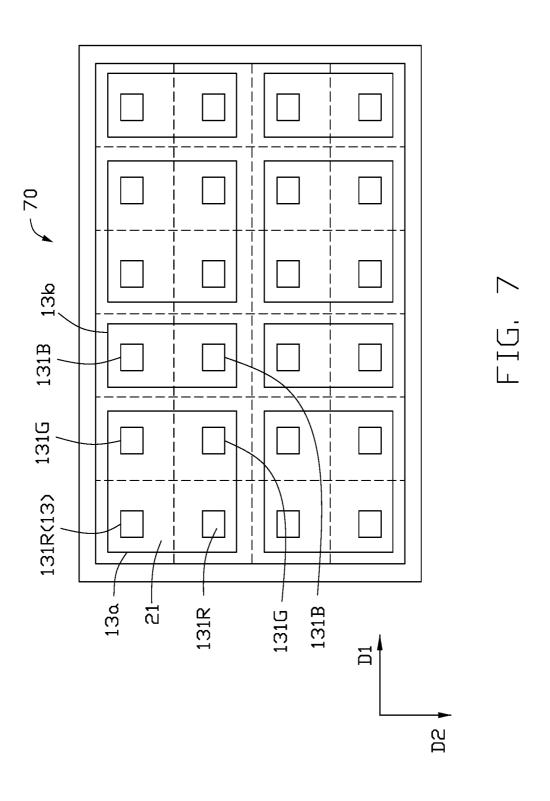
FIG. 2











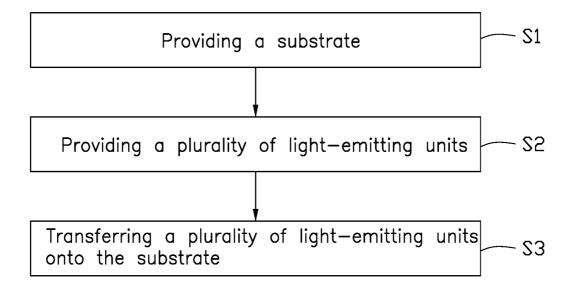


FIG. 8

MICRO LED DISPLAY PANEL AND METHOD FOR MAKING SAME

FIELD

[0001] The subject matter herein generally relates to a micro light emitting diode (LED) display panel and a method for making the micro LED display panel.

BACKGROUND

[0002] A micro LED display panel includes a plurality of pixels, wherein each pixel includes several sub-pixel regions. A method for making a micro LED display panel includes transferring a plurality of micro LEDs emitting light of different colors into sub-pixel regions on a substrate. The micro LEDs in each pixel are mounted on the substrate by multiple transfers. Since a size of the micro LED is small, accurate transfers of the micro LEDs may be problematic. As a number of transfers increases, a yield of successful micro LED display panels decreases.

[0003] Therefore, there is room for improvement in the

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0004] Implementations of the present technology will now be described, by way of embodiments only, with reference to the attached figures.

[0005] FIG. 1 is a planar view of a micro LED display panel of a first embodiment.

[0006] FIG. 2 is an isometric view of a substrate with a plurality of micro LEDs.

[0007] FIG. 3 is a planar view of a micro LED display panel of a second embodiment.

[0008] FIG. 4 is a planar view of a micro LED display panel of a third embodiment.

[0009] FIG. 5 is a planar view of a micro LED display panel of a fourth embodiment.

[0010] FIG. 6 is a planar view of a micro LED display panel of a fifth embodiment.

[0011] FIG. 7 is a planar view of a micro LED display panel of a sixth embodiment.

[0012] FIG. 8 is a flowchart of a method for making the micro LED display panel.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0013] It will be appreciated that for simplicity and clarity of illustration, where appropriate, reference numerals have been repeated among the different figures to indicate corresponding or analogous elements. In addition, numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the embodiments described herein. However, it will be understood by those of ordinary skill in the art that the embodiments described herein may be practiced without these specific details. In other instances, methods, procedures, and components have not been described in detail so as not to obscure the related relevant feature being described. Also, the description is not to be considered as limiting the scope of the embodiments described herein. The drawings are not necessarily to scale and the proportions of certain parts may be exaggerated to better illustrate details and features of the present disclosure.

[0014] The term "coupled" is defined as coupled, whether directly or indirectly through intervening components, and is not necessarily limited to physical connections. The con-

nection can be such that the objects are permanently coupled or releasably coupled. The term "comprising" when utilized, means "including, but not necessarily limited to"; it specifically indicates open-ended inclusion or membership in the so-described combination, group, series, and the like. The term "micro LED" herein refers to an LED having a size of less than or equal to 100 micrometers (for example more than 10 micrometers and less than 100 micrometers).

First Embodiment

[0015] FIG. 1 illustrates a micro LED display panel 10 that uses micro LEDs 131 as a light source to realize the display of images. The micro LED display panel 10 includes a substrate 11 and a plurality micro LEDs 131 on the substrate 11. The micro LED display panel 10 includes a display area AA for displaying images and a non-display area NA surrounding the display area AA. An array of pixel regions 12 is defined in the display area AA. Each of the pixel regions 12 serves as a minimum independent full color display area, and all of the pixel areas 12 independently display to form a complete image of a frame. Further, each pixel region 12 includes several sub-pixel regions 121. In this embodiment, one pixel region 12 includes three subpixel regions which are a sub-pixel region 121R, a sub-pixel region 121G and a sub-pixel region 121B. The sub-pixel region 121R emits red light, the sub-pixel region 121G emits green light, and the sub-pixel region 121B emits blue light. [0016] One micro LED 131 is located in each sub-pixel region 121. Since the sub-pixel regions 121 in one pixel region 12 need to emit light of different colors, the micro LEDs 131 in each of the pixel regions 12 emit light of different colors. In this embodiment, in one pixel region 12, the sub-pixel region 121R is provided with a micro LED 131R emitting red light; the sub-pixel region 121G is provided with a micro LED 131G emitting green light; and the sub-pixel region 121B is provided with a micro LED **131**B emitting blue light.

[0017] For all of the micro LEDs 131 in one pixel region 12, at least one micro LED 131 and another micro LED 131 in the same pixel region 12 or in an adjacent pixel region 12 belong to a light-emitting unit 13. That is, adjacent micro LEDs 131 share a common wafer and form one light-emitting unit 13. All of the micro LEDs 131 in one pixel region 12 may belong to one light-emitting unit 13 or to different light-emitting units 13.

[0018] The light-emitting units 13 are formed and transferred into the sub-pixel regions 121. Each light-emitting unit 13 includes at least two micro LEDs 131. Each micro LED 131 in one light-emitting unit 13 can emit light of a same color or light of different colors.

[0019] Referring to FIG. 2, in this embodiment, the micro LEDs 131 are formed on a wafer 20. A plurality of cut wafer units 21 form a wafer 20, creating a plurality of light-emitting units 13 independent from each other. The light-emitting units 13 are then transferred into the display area AA on the substrate 11 of the Micro-LED display panel 10, each of the light-emitting units 13 occupying at least two adjacent sub-pixel regions 121. A number of sub-pixel regions 121 occupied by one of the light-emitting units 13 is equal to a number of micro LEDs 131 in the light-emitting unit 13. The micro LEDs 131 in one light emitting unit 13 includes a wafer unit 21 and at least two micro LEDs 131 on the wafer unit 21.

[0020] All of the micro LEDs 131 in a light-emitting unit 13 on the substrate 11 emit light of a same color, and some of the light-emitting units 13 include same number of micro LEDs 131.

[0021] Referring to FIG. 1, in the present embodiment, each light-emitting unit 13 on the substrate 11 includes same number of micro LEDs 131. In each light-emitting unit 13, the micro LEDs 131 emit light of a same color.

[0022] As shown in FIG. 1, three adjacent sub-pixel regions 121 in a first direction D1 form one pixel region 12. FIG. 1 shows a plurality of light-emitting units 13 on the substrate 11 and the light-emitting units 13 include a plurality of first light-emitting units 13R, a plurality of second light-emitting units 13G and a plurality of third lightemitting units 13B. The light-emitting units 13 are arranged in an array. Each light emitting unit 13 includes two micro LEDs 131 and occupies adjacent sub-pixel regions 121. Each light emitting unit 13 is shared by adjacent pixel regions 12 in a second direction D2. The second direction D2 is perpendicular to the first direction D1. The two LEDs 131 of each first light unit 13R emit red light, the two LEDs 131 of each second light unit 13G emit green light, and the two LEDs 131 of each third light unit 13B emit blue light. Thus, one micro LED 131R which emits red light, one micro LED 131G which emits green light, and one micro LED 131B which emits blue light are disposed in the three sub-pixel regions 121 of each pixel region 12.

[0023] In other embodiments, each light emitting unit 13 may include micro LEDs 131 of three or other number. An arrangement of such light emitting units 13 is similar to the above described, and details are not described herein again. [0024] In other embodiments, all of the micro LEDs 131 in each light-emitting unit 13 emit light of a same color, but different light-emitting units 13 may include different numbers of micro LEDs 131.

[0025] The micro-LED display panel 10 of the present embodiment includes a substrate 11 and a plurality of light-emitting units 13 disposed on the substrate 11. The micro-LED display panel 10 defines a plurality of sub-pixel regions 121 in an array. Each light-emitting unit 13 includes at least two micro LEDs 131. Each micro LED 131 is located in one sub-pixel region 121. During the manufacturing process, the micro LEDs 131 need to be transferred to the substrate 11 in a one-to-one correspondence with the sub-pixel regions 121. All of the micro LEDs 131 in one light-emitting unit 13 are formed on a single wafer 20.

Second Embodiment

[0026] FIG. 3 illustrates a micro-LED display panel 30 of a second embodiment. The micro-LED display panel 30 includes a plurality of sub-pixel regions 121 arranged in an array and three adjacent sub-pixel regions 121 in a first direction D1 form one pixel region 12.

[0027] FIG. 3 shows eight light-emitting units 13 on the substrate 11. Each light-emitting unit 13 includes two micro LEDs 131, the two micro LEDs 131 emit light of different colors. Each light-emitting unit 13 is transferred onto the substrate 11 and occupies two sub-pixel regions 121.

[0028] In the second embodiment, the two micro LEDs 131 in each light-emitting unit 13 are specifically one of micro LED 131R emitting red light and one of micro LED 131G emitting green light. The micro LED 131R and the micro LED 131G in each light-emitting unit 13 occupy adjacent sub-pixel regions 121 in one pixel region 12, and

one micro LED 131B emitting blue light is located in the remaining one sub-pixel region 121 in one pixel region 12. [0029] In other embodiments, the two micro LEDs 131 in each light-emitting unit 13 can also be one of micro LED 131R emitting red light and one of micro LED 131B emitting blue light. Alternatively, the two micro LEDs 131 in each light-emitting unit 13 can also be one micro LED 131B emitting blue light and one micro LED 131G emitting green light.

Third Embodiment

[0030] FIG. 4 illustrates a micro-LED display panel 40 of a third embodiment. The micro-LED display panel 40 also includes a plurality of sub-pixel regions 121 arranged in an array; and three adjacent sub-pixel regions 121 in a first direction D1 form one pixel region 12.

[0031] FIG. 4 shows eight light-emitting units 13 on the substrate 11. Each light-emitting unit 13 includes three micro LEDs 131 and each of the three micro LEDs 131 emits light of a different color. Each light-emitting unit 13 is transferred onto the substrate 11 and occupies three adjacent sub-pixel regions 121 of one pixel region 12.

[0032] As shown in FIG. 4, the three micro LEDs 131 in each light-emitting unit 13 are one micro LED 131R emitting red light, one micro LED 131G emitting green light, and one micro LED 131B emitting blue light.

Fourth Embodiment

[0033] FIG. 5 illustrates a micro-LED display panel 50 of a fourth embodiment. The micro-LED display panel 50 includes a plurality of sub-pixel regions 121 arranged in an array and three adjacent sub-pixel regions 121 in a first direction D1 form one pixel region 12.

[0034] FIG. 5 shows four light-emitting units 13 on the substrate 11. Each light-emitting unit 13 includes four micro LEDs 131, the four micro LEDs 131 emit light of two colors. Each light-emitting unit 13 is transferred onto the substrate 11 and occupies four sub-pixel regions 121. Each light-emitting unit 13 is located in adjacent pixel regions 12 along the second direction D2.

[0035] In the present embodiment, the four micro LEDs 131 in each light-emitting unit 13 are two micro LEDs 131R emitting red light and two micro LED 131G emitting green light. One of the two micro LEDs 131R and an adjacent micro LED 131G in each light-emitting unit 13 occupy adjacent sub-pixel regions 121 in one pixel region 12. The other micro LED 131R and the other micro LED 131G in each light-emitting unit 13 occupy adjacent sub-pixel regions 121 in other one pixel region 12. One micro LED 131B emitting blue light is located in the remaining one sub-pixel region 121 in each pixel region 12.

[0036] In other embodiments, the four micro LEDs 131 in each light-emitting unit 13 can also be two micro LEDs 131R emitting red light and two micro LEDs 131B emitting blue light. Alternatively, the four micro LEDs 131 in each light-emitting unit 13 can also be two micro LEDs 131B emitting blue light and two micro LEDs 131G emitting green light.

Fifth Embodiment

[0037] FIG. 6 illustrates a micro-LED display panel 60 of a fifth embodiment. The micro-LED display panel 60 also includes a plurality of sub-pixel regions 121 arranged in an

array and three adjacent sub-pixel regions 121 in a first direction D1 form one pixel region 12.

[0038] FIG. 6 shows four light-emitting units 13 on the substrate 11. Each light-emitting unit 13 includes six micro LEDs 131 and the six micro LEDs 131 emit light of three colors. Each light-emitting unit 13 is transferred onto the substrate 11 and occupies all of the sub-pixel regions 121 of two pixel regions 12.

[0039] As shown in FIG. 6, the six micro LEDs 131 in each light-emitting unit 13 are two micro LEDs 131R emitting red light, two micro LEDs 131G emitting green light, and two micro LEDs 131B emitting blue light.

Sixth Embodiment

[0040] FIG. 7 illustrates a micro-LED display panel 70 of a sixth embodiment. The micro-LED display panel 70 also includes a plurality of sub-pixel regions 121 arranged in an array and three adjacent sub-pixel regions 121 in a first direction D1 form one pixel region 12.

[0041] FIG. 7 shows a plurality of light-emitting units 13 on the substrate 11. The eight light-emitting units 13 are a plurality of first light-emitting units 13a and a plurality of second light-emitting units 13b. Each first light-emitting unit 13a includes four micro LEDs 131 emitting light of two colors. Each first light-emitting unit 13a is transferred onto the substrate 11 and occupies four sub-pixel regions 121 of two pixel regions 12. Each second light-emitting unit 13b includes two micro LEDs 131 emitting a same color light. Each second light-emitting unit 13b is transferred onto the substrate 11 and occupies two sub-pixel regions 121 of two pixel regions 12. Each first light-emitting unit 13a and one adjacent second light-emitting unit 13b occupies all of the sub-pixel regions 121 of two adjacent pixel regions 12.

[0042] As shown in FIG. 7, the four micro LEDs 131 in each first light-emitting unit 13a are two micro LEDs 131R emitting red light and two micro LEDs 131G emitting green light. The two micro LEDs 131 in each second light-emitting unit 13b are two micro LEDs 131B emitting blue light.

[0043] In other embodiments, the four micro LEDs 131 in each first light-emitting unit 13a can also be two micro LEDs 131R emitting red light and two micro LEDs 131B emitting blue light; and the two micro LEDs 131 in each second light-emitting unit 13b are two micro LEDs 131G emitting green light. Alternatively, the four micro LEDs 131 in each first light-emitting unit 13a can also be two micro LEDs 131B emitting blue light and two micro LEDs 131G emitting green light; and the two micro LEDs 131 in each second light-emitting unit 13b are two micro LEDs 131R emitting red light.

[0044] The light-emitting units 13 described in the above embodiments can also be combined into one single micro-LED display panel.

[0045] FIG. 8 illustrates a flowchart of a method for making a micro LED display panel. The example method is provided by way of example, as there are a variety of ways to carry out the method. Each block shown in FIG. 1 represents one or more processes, methods, or subroutines, carried out in the exemplary method. Furthermore, the illustrated order of blocks is by example only and the order of the blocks can be changed. The exemplary method can begin at block S1 according to the present disclosure. Depending on the embodiment, additional steps can be added, others removed, and the ordering of the steps can be changed.

[0046] At block S1, a substrate 11 is provided.

[0047] At block S2, a plurality of light-emitting units 13 is provided.

[0048] As described above, each light-emitting unit 13 includes a wafer unit 21 and at least two micro LEDs 131 on the wafer unit 21.

[0049] At block S3, the plurality of light-emitting units 13 are transferred onto the substrate 11.

[0050] The micro LED display panel includes a plurality of pixel region 12. Each pixel region 12 is divided into at least three sub-pixel regions 121. After the light-emitting units 13 have been transferred onto the substrate 11, each sub-pixel region 121 has one micro LED 131 located therein, and all of the micro LEDs 131 of one pixel region 12 emit light of different colors.

[0051] In one embodiment, there are only light-emitting units 13 on the substrate 11. That is, the micro LED 131 in each of the sub-pixel regions 121 belongs to one light-emitting unit 13. In other embodiments, there are both light-emitting units 13 and independent micro LEDs 131 that do not belong to any light-emitting units 13 on the substrate 11.

[0052] The method for making the micro-LED display panel in this disclosure can transfer at least two micro LEDs 131 onto the substrate 11 at a same time, which is beneficial to improving the production efficiency of the display panel. [0053] Even though information and advantages of the present embodiments have been set forth in the foregoing description, together with details of the structures and functions of the present embodiments, the disclosure is illustrative only. Changes may be made in detail, especially in matters of shape, size, and arrangement of parts within the principles of the present embodiments to the full extent indicated by the plain meaning of the terms in which the appended claims are expressed.

What is claimed is:

- 1. A micro light emitting diode (LED) display panel, comprising:
 - a substrate; and
 - a plurality of light-emitting units on the substrate, each of the plurality of light-emitting units comprising a wafer unit and at least two micro LEDs on the wafer unit,
 - the micro LED display panel defining a plurality of pixel regions, each of the plurality of pixel regions comprising at least three sub-pixel regions adjacent to each other, each of the sub-pixel regions comprising one of the micro LEDs located therein, and
 - wherein each of the micro LEDs of the plurality of light-emitting units is located in one of the sub-pixel regions; and the micro LEDs located in each of the plurality of pixel regions emit light of different colors.
- 2. The micro LED display panel of claim 1, wherein the plurality of light-emitting units comprises a plurality of first light-emitting units, a plurality of second light-emitting units, and a plurality of third light-emitting units; each of the plurality of first light-emitting units comprises at least two of the micro LEDs emitting red light; each of the plurality of second light-emitting units comprises at least two of the micro LEDs emitting green light; each of the plurality of third light-emitting units comprises at least two of the micro LEDs emitting blue light.
- 3. The micro LED display panel of claim 1, wherein the at least two micro LEDs in each of the plurality of light-emitting units emit light of different colors.

- **4**. The micro LED display panel of claim **3**, wherein each of the plurality of light-emitting units comprises two of the micro LEDs emitting light of two colors; the two colors are selected from red, green, and blue.
- 5. The micro LED display panel of claim 4, wherein a plurality of independent micro LEDs are provided on the substrate, each of the plurality of independent micro LEDs is located in one sub-pixel.
- 6. The micro LED display panel of claim 3, wherein each of the plurality of light-emitting units comprises three of the micro LEDs emitting red light, green light, and blue light, respectively.
- 7. The micro LED display panel of claim 3, wherein each of the plurality of light-emitting units comprises four or more of the micro LEDs emitting light of at least two different colors.
- 8. The micro LED display panel of claim 1, wherein each of the plurality of light-emitting units comprises at least two of the micro LEDs emitting red light, at least two of the micro LEDs emitting green light, and at least two of the micro LEDs emitting blue light.
- 9. The micro LED display panel of claim 1, wherein the plurality of light-emitting units comprises a plurality of first light-emitting units and a plurality of second light-emitting units; each of the plurality of first light-emitting units comprises four or more of the micro LEDs emitting light of two colors; each of the plurality of second light-emitting

units comprises two or more of the micro LEDs emitting light of a color that is different from the two colors of the plurality of first light-emitting units; the two colors are selected from red, green, and blue; the color of the plurality of second light-emitting units is a remaining color selected from red, green, and blue not emitted by the plurality of first light-emitting units.

10. A method for making a micro light emitting diode (LED) display panel, comprising:

providing a substrate;

providing a plurality of light-emitting units, each of the plurality of light-emitting units comprising a wafer unit and at least two micro LEDs on the wafer unit; and

transferring the plurality of light-emitting units onto the substrate, the micro LED display panel defines a plurality of sub-pixel regions; each of the micro LEDs of the plurality of light-emitting units is located in one of the plurality of sub-pixel regions.

- 11. The method of claim 10, wherein the plurality of sub-pixel regions is arranged in an array.
- 12. The method of claim 11, wherein the micro LED display panel defines a plurality of pixel regions; each of the plurality of pixel regions comprises three of the plurality of sub-pixel regions adjacent to each other; and the micro LEDs located in each of the plurality of pixel regions emitting light of different colors.

* * * * *



专利名称(译)	微型LED显示面板及其制造方法		
公开(公告)号	US20190371213A1	公开(公告)日	2019-12-05
申请号	US16/421821	申请日	2019-05-24
[标]申请(专利权)人(译)	鸿海精密工业股份有限公司		
申请(专利权)人(译)	鸿海精密工业股份有限公司.		
当前申请(专利权)人(译)	鸿海精密工业股份有限公司.		
[标]发明人	LIU FENG HSIANG		
发明人	LIU, FENG-HSIANG		
IPC分类号	G09F9/33 G09G3/32 G09G3/20 H	H01L27/15	
CPC分类号	G09G3/32 H01L27/156 G09F9/33 G09G3/2003 H01L33/0095 H01L25/0753		
优先权	62/677679 2018-05-30 US		
外部链接	Espacenet USPTO		

摘要(译)

通过将微型LED预装载到晶片上然后将其转移到衬底上而能够更简单但更精确地制造的微型LED显示面板包括衬底和发光单元。 每个发光单元包括晶片单元和在晶片单元上的至少两个微型LED。 显示面板包括像素区域,每个像素区域包括至少三个相邻的子像素区域。 每个子像素区域中具有一个微型LED。 发光单元的每个微型LED位于一个子像素区域中,并且每个像素区域中的微型LED发出不同颜色的光。

